## **Faecal Scoring Chart**



Faecal consistency is mainly influenced by the amount of moisture in the stools and can be used to identify changes in intestinal health. Ideally, in a healthy animal, stools should be firm but not hard, pliable and segmented, and easy to pick up (score 2).

SCORE	SPECIMEN EXAMPLE	CHARACTERISTICS
1		<ul> <li>Very hard and dry</li> <li>Often expelled as individual pellets</li> <li>Requires much effort to expel from body</li> <li>Leaves no residue on ground when picked up</li> </ul>
		Consider whether a dietary change would help this pet, along wiht increased water intake.
IDEAL		<ul> <li>Firm, but not hard, pliable</li> <li>Segmented in appearance</li> <li>Little or no residue on ground when picked up</li> <li>Normal, no action needed.</li> </ul>
3		<ul> <li>Log shaped, moist surface</li> <li>Little or no visible segmentation</li> <li>Leaves residue on ground, but holds form when picked up</li> </ul> Normal, no action needed.
4		<ul> <li>Very moist and soggy</li> <li>Log shaped</li> <li>Leaves residue on ground and loses form when picked up</li> <li>Consider whether a dietary change would help this pet-carry out a nutritional assessment to plan next steps.</li> </ul>
5		<ul> <li>Very moist but has a distinct shape</li> <li>Present in piles rather than logs</li> <li>Leaves residue on ground and loses form when picked up</li> <li>Consider whether a dietary change would help this pet-carry out a nutritional assessment to plan next steps.</li> </ul>
6		<ul> <li>Has texture, but no defined shape</li> <li>Present as piles or spots</li> <li>Leaves residue on ground when picked up</li> <li>Consider whether a dietary change would help this pet-carry out a nutritional assessment to plan next steps.</li> </ul>
7		<ul> <li>Has texture, but no defined shape</li> <li>Present as piles or spots</li> <li>Leaves residue on ground when picked up</li> <li>Consider whether a dietary change would help this pet-carry out a nutritional assessment to plan next steps.</li> </ul>

## Small vs. Large Bowel Diarrhea: Spotting the Difference



CHARACTERISTICS*	SMALL BOWEL	LARGE BOWEL
Defecation frequency	Normal to slightly increased	Markedly increased
Faecal volume	Normal to increased	Markedly decreased
Faecal quality	Very watery to semi-formed (typical score 6, 7)	Semi-formed, gelatinous (typical score 4, 5)
Frequent urges to defecate	Normal to slightly increased	Markedly increased
Tenesmus (Straining)	Absent	Present
Blood in faeces	Dark, old blood, tarry	Bright red, fresh-looking
Mucus in faeces	Rarely	Frequently
Fatty stool	Sometimes	No

\*In some cases both small bowel and large bowel are affected and clinical signs will vary.

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